

Corrigendum

Panning, M. & Nolet, G., 2008. Surface wave tomography for azimuthal anisotropy in a strongly reduced parameter space (*Geophys. J. Int.*, **174**, 629–648)

The published version of Panning & Nolet (2008) had an error in the last term of Table 1, which listed the non-zero interaction coefficients for surface waves due to perturbations to an anisotropic model defined by $\delta\lambda$, $\delta\mu$, ϵ , δ and γ . The values for $\Omega_\gamma^{(5)}$ were inadvertently duplicated for $\Omega_\gamma^{(6)}$. The full table is reproduced here.

The supplementary material included a Fortran 90 subroutine calculating the various Ω terms, which was correct and can be used as published.

Table 1. Non-zero interaction coefficients for surface waves for perturbations to $\delta\lambda$, $\delta\mu$, ϵ , δ and γ .

	$\Omega_{\delta\lambda}$:
Rayleigh → Rayleigh	$\dot{U}''\dot{U}' - r^{-1}(v'\dot{U}''V' + v''V''\dot{U}') + v''v'r^{-2}V''V'$
	$\Omega_{\delta\mu}$:
Rayleigh → Rayleigh	$2\dot{U}''\dot{U}' + \cos\eta r^{-1}(v'\dot{V}''U' + v''U''\dot{V}') + \cos\eta\dot{V}''\dot{V}'$ $+ v''v'r^{-2}[\cos\eta U''U' + 2\cos^2\eta V''V']$
Rayleigh → Love	$\sin\eta[v'r^{-1}\dot{W}''U' + \dot{W}''\dot{V}' + 2v''v'r^{-2}\cos\eta W''V']$
Love → Rayleigh	$-\sin\eta[v''r^{-1}U''\dot{W}' + \dot{V}''\dot{W}' + 2v''v'r^{-2}\cos\eta V''W']$
Love → Love	$\cos\eta\dot{W}''\dot{W}' + v''v'r^{-2}\cos(2\eta)W''W'$
	$\Omega_\epsilon = 2\rho\alpha^2(\Omega_\epsilon^{(1)} + \Omega_\epsilon^{(2)} + \Omega_\epsilon^{(3)})$
	For $\Omega_\epsilon^{(1)}$:
Rayleigh → Rayleigh	$s_r^2\dot{A}''\dot{A}' + i s_r r^{-1}[s_\theta''v''A''\dot{A}' - s_\theta'v'\dot{A}''A']$ $+ v''v'r^{-2}s_\theta''s_\theta''A''A'$
Rayleigh → Love	$-i s_r^2 s_\phi''\dot{A}'\dot{W}'' + s_r r^{-1}[s_\theta''s_\phi''v''\dot{A}'W'' - s_\theta' s_\phi' v'\dot{A}''\dot{W}'']$ $- i v''v'r^{-2}s_\theta''s_\theta' s_\phi'' A' W''$
Love → Rayleigh	$i s_r^2 s_\phi' \dot{W}'\dot{A}'' + s_r s_\phi' r^{-1}[s_\theta''v'W'\dot{A}'' - s_\theta'v''\dot{W}'A'']$ $+ i v''v'r^{-2}s_\theta' s_\phi' s_\theta'' W' A''$
Love → Love	$s_r^2 s_\phi' s_\phi'' \dot{W}'\dot{W}'' + i s_r s_\phi' s_\phi'' r^{-1}[s_\theta''v''\dot{W}'W'' - s_\theta'v'W'\dot{W}'']$ $+ v''v'r^{-2}s_\phi' s_\theta' s_\theta'' W' W''$
	For $\Omega_\epsilon^{(2)}$:
Rayleigh → Rayleigh	$-(\dot{U}'' - v''r^{-1}V'')(s_r\dot{A}' - i v'r^{-1}s_\theta' A')$
Love → Rayleigh	$-(\dot{U}'' - v''r^{-1}V'')(i s_\phi' s_r \dot{W}' + v'r^{-1}s_\theta' s_\phi' W')$
	For $\Omega_\epsilon^{(3)}$:
Rayleigh → Rayleigh	$-(\dot{U}' - v'r^{-1}V')(s_r\dot{A}'' + i v''r^{-1}s_\theta''A'')$
Rayleigh → Love	$-(\dot{U}' - v'r^{-1}V')(-i s_\phi'' s_r \dot{W}'' + v''r^{-1}s_\phi'' s_\theta'' W'')$
	$\Omega_\delta = 2\rho\alpha^2(\Omega_\delta^{(1)} + \Omega_\delta^{(2)} + \Omega_\delta^{(3)})$
	$\Omega_\delta^{(1)} = -\frac{1}{2}\Omega_\epsilon^{(2)}$
	$\Omega_\delta^{(2)} = -\frac{1}{2}\Omega_\epsilon^{(3)}$
	$\Omega_\delta^{(3)} = -\Omega_\epsilon^{(1)}$
	$\Omega_\gamma = -2\rho\beta^2 \sum_{i=1}^6 \Omega_\gamma^{(i)}$
	$\Omega_\gamma^{(1)} = 2\Omega_\epsilon^{(2)}$
	$\Omega_\gamma^{(2)} = 2\Omega_\epsilon^{(3)}$

Table 1. (Continued.)

For $\Omega_\gamma^{(3)}$:	
Rayleigh → Rayleigh	$s_r^2[\dot{U}''\dot{U}' + \cos\eta\dot{V}''\dot{V}'] - i v' r^{-1} s_r s_\theta' [\dot{U}''U' + \dot{V}''V' \cos\eta]$ $+ i v'' r^{-1} s_r s_\theta'' [U''\dot{U}' + V''\dot{V}' \cos\eta]$ $+ v'' v' r^{-2} s_\theta' s_\theta'' [U''U' + V''V' \cos\eta]$
Rayleigh → Love	$\sin\eta[s_r^2\dot{W}''\dot{V}' - i v' r^{-1} s_r s_\theta' \dot{W}''V' + i v'' r^{-1} s_r s_\theta'' W''\dot{V}']$ $+ v'' v' r^{-2} s_\theta' s_\theta'' W''V']$
Love → Rayleigh	$-\sin\eta[s_r^2\dot{V}''\dot{W}' - i v' r^{-1} s_r s_\theta' \dot{V}''W' + i v'' r^{-1} s_r s_\theta'' V''\dot{W}']$ $+ v'' v' r^{-2} s_\theta' s_\theta'' V''W']$
Love → Love	$\cos\eta[s_r^2\dot{W}''\dot{W}' - i v' r^{-1} s_r s_\theta' \dot{W}''W' + i v'' r^{-1} s_r s_\theta'' W''\dot{W}']$ $+ v'' v' r^{-2} s_\theta' s_\theta'' W''W']$
For $\Omega_\gamma^{(4)}$:	
Rayleigh → Rayleigh	$s_r^2[\dot{U}''\dot{U}' + v'' v' r^{-2} \cos\eta U''U'] - i s_r s_\theta' [\dot{U}''\dot{V}' + v'' v' r^{-2} \cos\eta U''V']$ $+ s_\theta' s_\theta'' [\dot{V}''\dot{V}' + v'' v' r^{-2} \cos\eta V''V']$ $+ i s_r s_\theta'' [\dot{V}''\dot{U}' + v'' v' r^{-2} \cos\eta V''U']$
Rayleigh → Love	$-s_\theta' s_\theta'' [\dot{W}''\dot{V}' + v'' v' r^{-2} \cos\eta W''V']$ $- i s_\theta' s_r [\dot{W}''\dot{U}' + v'' v' r^{-2} \cos\eta W''U']$
Love → Rayleigh	$i s_r s_\theta' [\dot{U}''\dot{W}' + v'' v' r^{-2} \cos\eta U''W']$ $- s_\theta' s_\theta'' [\dot{V}''\dot{W}' + v'' v' r^{-2} \cos\eta V''W']$
Love → Love	$s_\theta' s_\theta'' [\dot{W}''\dot{W}' + v'' v' r^{-2} \cos\eta W''W']$
For $\Omega_\gamma^{(5)}$:	
Rayleigh → Rayleigh	$s_r^2[\dot{U}''\dot{U}' + v'' r^{-1} \cos\eta U''\dot{V}']$ $- i v' r^{-1} s_r s_\theta' [\dot{U}''U' + v'' r^{-1} \cos\eta U''V']$ $+ i s_r s_\theta'' [\dot{V}''\dot{U}' + v'' r^{-1} \cos\eta V''\dot{V}']$ $+ v' r^{-1} s_\theta' s_\theta'' [\dot{V}''U' + v'' r^{-1} \cos\eta V''V']$
Rayleigh → Love	$- i s_\theta' s_r \dot{W}''\dot{U}' - i v'' r^{-1} s_\theta' s_r \cos\eta W''\dot{V}'$ $- v' r^{-1} s_\theta' s_\theta'' (\dot{W}''U' + v'' r^{-1} \cos\eta W''V')$
Love → Rayleigh	$- i v'' r^{-1} s_r s_\theta' \sin\eta V''\dot{W}' + i v' v' r^{-2} s_r s_\theta' \sin\eta U''W'$ $- v'' v' r^{-2} s_\theta' s_\theta'' \sin\eta V''W' - v'' r^{-1} s_r^2 \sin\eta U''\dot{W}'$
Love → Love	$i v'' r^{-1} s_\theta' s_r \sin\eta W''\dot{W}' + v'' v' r^{-2} s_\theta' s_\theta'' \sin\eta W''W'$
For $\Omega_\gamma^{(6)}$:	
Rayleigh → Rayleigh	$s_r \dot{U}''\dot{A}' + i v'' r^{-1} s_\theta'' U''\dot{A}' + v' r^{-1} s_r \cos\eta \dot{V}''\dot{A}'$ $+ i v'' v' r^{-2} s_\theta'' \cos\eta V''\dot{A}'$
Rayleigh → Love	$v' r^{-1} s_r \sin\eta \dot{W}''\dot{A}' + i v'' v' r^{-2} s_\theta'' \sin\eta W''\dot{A}'$
Love → Rayleigh	$i s_\theta' s_r \dot{U}''\dot{W}' - v'' r^{-1} s_\theta' s_\theta'' U''\dot{W}'$ $+ i v' r^{-1} s_r s_\theta' \cos\eta \dot{V}''\dot{W}' - s_\theta' s_\theta'' v'' v' r^{-2} \cos\eta V''W'$
Love → Love	$i v' r^{-1} s_r s_\theta' \sin\eta \dot{W}''\dot{W}' - v'' v' r^{-2} s_\theta' s_\theta'' \sin\eta W''W'$

REFERENCES

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